Classroom Activity: Research Jeopardy!

Time: 45 minutes to one hour

TEKS: Middle School Science: 6.1; 6.2 D; 7.1; 7.2 D; 8.1; 8.2 D

Middle School Health: 7.3 A-C; 7.12 A; 8.3.A-C; 8.12 A

High School Biology: 1 A, 2A, C, D; 4 C-D; 10 A

High School IPC: 1 A; 2 A, C, D

High School Health: 115.32.b.2.D, 115.33.c.2.A-B

<u>Materials Needed</u> (for those with computer access)

- o Computer
- o LCD projector
- o Screen
- o MS PowerPoint software

<u>Materials Needed</u> (for those without computer access)

- o Jeopardy Board
- o 25 question cards
- o 75 penalty cards

-or-

- White board / chalkboard
- o Markers / chalk

Preparation

- 1. Create Research-Jeopardy board one of four ways:
 - a. Project PowerPoint slide of Research-Jeopardy board
 - b. Print out worksheet for each student; each student can cross out questions as they are answered on his/her board
 - c. Print out large version of worksheet and hang on wall; assign one student to cross out questions as they are answered
 - d. Draw on board using sample sheet provided as a guide and erase questions as they are answered
- 2. Prepare Jeopardy questions one of three ways:
 - a. Print two tables double-sided, cut into cards
 - b. Print two tables, cut and paste using construction paper as a backing
 - c. If time is limited, simply use reference table (don't create cards)
- 3. Print and cut Jeopardy penalty cards (optional)

Procedure

- 1. Ask students if they have ever seen the game "Jeopardy." Have a student explain the basic rules of the game and clarify as necessary. Tell students they will be playing "Research-Jeopardy."
- 2. Divide the classroom into three teams. Select a "representative" for each team—this will be the student that will say answers aloud for their team. Select a "card keeper" for each team—this student will collect all answer cards and penalty cards for the team (or record points if you choose not to cut out cards). Have students select a team name.
- 3. Think of a number between 1 and 50. Have each team representative guess the number to determine who goes first.
- 4. Have the winning team select a \$100 category answer
- 5. Read out the "answer" listed at the top of the question card or table. For example, "Terms \$100: IRB."
- 6. Allow students, as a team, to decide on the "question" they believe is correct. The first team representative to raise his/her hand will be called upon. The team representative must give the team's response in the form of a question. For example, "What is the Institutional Review Board?"
 - a. If the team representative gives the correct response, have that team's card keeper retrieve the question card (or record the money value if you choose not to cut out cards).
 - b. If the team representative gives an incorrect response, their card keeper must take a penalty card (or record the money value if you choose not to cut out cards).
 - c. The other two teams will then be given a chance to earn the question card. The first team representative to raise his/her hand will be called upon.
- 7. After all of the categories are answered, have each team tally their points. Double-check their math.
- 8. The team with the greatest amount of money wins Research Jeopardy! Optional prizes could include extra credit points per dollar amount earned.

Source: The University Clinical Research Center, University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston



Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100
\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200
\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300
\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400
\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500	\$500

Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$100	\$100		\$100	\$100
Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200
Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300	\$300
Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400	\$400
Terms	Clinical Trial Facts	Research Agencies	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$500	\$500		\$500	\$500

IRB	Description of steps to be taken in a study.	The primary federal agency for conducting and supporting medical research.	Ability necessary to make an informed decision.	A pivotal event in history which drew attention for the need to have guidelines protecting humans in research.
Institutional Review Board	Protocol	NIH	Comprehension	WWII/ Nazi war crime trials
If participants are unaware of	A statement which gives	The federal agency	One of the most important	The principle of ethics which
whether they are in	information about the study,	responsible for enforcing	components of making a	charges us to treat all
experimental or control	its procedures, benefits, and	drug and food laws enacted	sound decision is having	participants fairly and
arms, then the study is	risks to a prospective	by Congress regarding the	enough	equally is
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	subjects so they can make an	research, manufacture, and	5	1 5
	informed decision about	safety of drugs and foods		
	participation.	, ,		
		Food and Drug		
Blinded	Consent form	Administration (FDA)	Information	Justice
Principle of protecting the	The factors that are	An office within the	When outside interests	The agreement to participate
identity and medical	considered to allow someone	Department of Health and	unduly influence	is valid only if the person
information of participants in	to participate in a clinical	Human Services responsible	professional judgment	feels this condition is present
a clinical trail	trial	for developing, monitoring,		in the process.
		and overseeing protection of		
		human research subjects		
		Office of Human Research	~ ~	
Confidentiality	Inclusion criteria	Protection (OHRP)	Conflict of interest	Voluntariness (Autonomy)
An inactive pill, powder, or	The safety factors that	A U.S. government agency	The process in which	This principle requires that
liquid that has no treatment	disallow someone from	responsible for protecting the	persons decide to participate	research must do no harm
value	participating in a particular	health of all Americans	in a research study	while maximizing benefits
	clinical trial			and minimizing risks
Placebo	Exclusion criteria	Department of Health and	Informed consent process	Beneficence
Flacebo	Exclusion criteria	Human Services	informed consent process	Belleficelice
Method based on chance by	The standard by which the	The group responsible for	The name of the report	You are required to
which a participant is	experimental observations	funding a clinical trial	outlining these basic	participate in study about
selected for one arm of the	are evaluated	runding a chinear trial	principles of the ethical	teachers in order to graduate.
study or another	are evaluated		conduct of clinical research.	What principle does this
study of unotice		Sponsor	conduct of chinear research.	violate?
		(NIH, private foundations,		violate.
Randomization	Control or control group	pharmaceutical companies)	The Belmont Report	Autonomy

Terms \$100	Clinical Trial Facts \$100	Research Agencies \$100	Ethics \$100	Ethics Applied \$100
Ψ100	Description of steps to be	The primary federal agency	ΨΙΟ	Ψ100
IRB	taken in a study.	for conducting and	Ability necessary to make an	A pivotal event in history
	j	supporting medical research.	informed decision.	which drew attention for the
				need to have guidelines
				protecting humans in
				research.
		NIH		
	Protocol		Comprehension	WWII/ Nazi war
Institutional Review Board				crime trials
Terms	Clinical Trial Facts \$200	Research Agencies \$200	Ethics	Ethics Applied
\$200		The federal agency	\$200	\$200
	A statement which gives	responsible for enforcing		
If participants are unaware of	information about the study,	drug and food laws enacted	One of the most important	The principle of ethics which
whether they are in	its procedures, benefits, and	by Congress regarding the	components of making a	charges us to treat all
experimental or control	risks to a prospective	research, manufacture, and	sound decision is having	participants fairly and
arms, then the study is	subjects so they can make an	safety of drugs and foods	enough	equally is
	informed decision about			
	participation.			
		Food and Drug		
	Consent form	Administration (FDA)		
Blinded			Information	Justice

Terms \$300	Clinical Trial Facts \$300	Research Agencies \$300	Ethics \$300	Ethics Applied \$300
Principle of protecting the identity and medical information of participants in a clinical trail	The factors that are considered to allow someone to participate in a clinical trial	An office within the Department of Health and Human Services responsible for developing, monitoring, and overseeing protection of human research subjects	When outside interests unduly influence professional judgment	The agreement to participate is valid only if the person feels this condition is present in the process.
		Office of Human Research Protection (OHRP)		
Confidentiality	Inclusion criteria		Conflict of interest	Voluntariness (Autonomy)
Terms \$400	Clinical Trial Facts \$400	Research Agencies \$400	Ethics \$400	Ethics Applied \$400
An inactive pill, powder, or liquid that has no treatment value	The safety factors that disallow someone from participating in a particular clinical trial	A U.S. government agency responsible for protecting the health of all Americans Department of Health and Human Services	The process in which persons decide to participate in a research study	This principle requires that research must do no harm while maximizing benefits and minimizing risks
Placebo	Exclusion criteria		Informed consent process	Beneficence
Terms \$500	Clinical Trial Facts \$500	Research Agencies \$500	Ethics \$500	Ethics Applied \$500
Method based on chance by which a participant is selected for one arm of the study or another	The standard by which the experimental observations are evaluated	The group responsible for funding a clinical trial Sponsor (NIH, private foundations, pharmaceutical companies, etc.)	The name of the report outlining these basic principles of the ethical conduct of clinical research.	You are required to participate in study about teachers in order to graduate. What principle does this violate?
Randomization	Control or control group		The Belmont Report	Autonomy

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